UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Dameka Dowdy, et al.	
On behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, Plaintiff(s),	
-against-	No: <u>22</u> -cv- <u>6284</u> (<u>ALC</u>) (SDA
City of New York	
Defendant(s).	

REPORT OF RULE 26(f) MEETING AND [PROPOSED] CASE MANAGEMENT PLAN

In accordance with Rule 26(f) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, counsel for the parties spoke on $\frac{April\ 22,\ 2025}{}$ and exchanged communications thereafter, and submit the following report of their meeting for the court's consideration:

1. <u>Summary of Claims, Defenses And Relevant Issues:</u>

Plaintiff [Attach Additional Pages As Needed]: The NYC Dep't of Sanitation (DSNY) maintains an "Enforcement Division" which employs Agents and Sanitation Police. The Agents are disproportionately non-white and female when compared to the Sanitation Police. More specifically, 38% of all Agents are female, while only 11% of Sanitation Police are female; 85% of Agents are non-white, while 50% of Sanitation Police are non-white. Moreover, the DSNY pulls Sanitation Police from its pool of Sanitation Workers, which is 97% male. (See Attached Additional Page)

Defendant [Attach Additional Pages As Needed]: _____

Plaintiffs' disparate impact claims under Title VII, SHRL, and CHRL fail because the TAC lacks plausible allegations linking any DSNY policy or practice to the alleged disparities. The Equal Pay Act claim fails as Plaintiffs cannot make a showing that male Sanitation Police Officers performed substantially equal work to the female SEA plaintiffs. Plaintiffs' § 1983 claim also fails, as Plaintiffs cannot show intentional discrimination on the Part of Defendants.

2. <u>Basis of Subject Matter Jurisdiction:</u>

The Court's subject matter jurisdiction is based on Federal Question (Title VII, Equal Pay Act)

3. <u>Subjects On Which Discovery May Be Needed:</u>

	Plaintiff: (1) The gender and racial composition of Agents and Sanitation Police, (2) payroll records			
and records regarding compensation paid to these two groups, (3) the duties, skill, responsibilities, effort and				
working	conditions of these two groups, and (4) the City's claimed job-related reasons for the difference in			
in pay b	etween these two groups.			
	Defendant: Defendant is seeking documents/information about the computation of Plaintiffs' alleged damages.			
4.	Initial Disclosures:			
	will be			
	The information required by Rule 26(a)(1) was disclosed by Plaintiff(s) on			
	s, 2025 In addition, on June 16, 2025, Plaintiff(s) produced will produce an initial			
	relevant documents identified in its Initial Disclosures and will continue to supplement its			
produ				
	will be			
	The information required by Rule 26(a)(1) was disclosed by Defendant(s) on			
	June 16, 2025, Defendant(s) produced will produce			
	tial set of relevant documents identified in its Initial Disclosures and will continue to			
supple	ement its production.			
5.	Formal Discovery:			
•	- Orman Discovery:			
	The parties jointly propose to the Court the following discovery plan:			
	a. All fact discovery must be completed by November 13, 2025.			
	b. The parties are to conduct discovery in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil			
Drocec	dure and the Local Rules of the Southern District of New York. The following interim			
	nes may be extended by the parties on consent and without application to the Court,			
	ed that the parties meet the deadline for completing fact discovery set forth in 5(a) above.			
proviu	ed that the parties meet the deadline for completing fact discovery set for th in S(a) above.			
	i. <u>Depositions</u> : Depositions shall be completed by <u>November 13, 2025</u> and			
limited	to no more than TBD depositions per party. Absent an agreement between the parties or			
	der from the Court, non- party depositions shall follow initial party depositions.			
	ii. <u>Interrogatories</u> : Initial sets of interrogatories shall be served on or before			
June 23	. All subsequent interrogatories must be served no later than 30 days from the			
discov	ery deadline.			

	iii	. Requests for Admission: Requests for admission must be served on or			
before	Septembe	<u>er 13, 2025</u> .			
		. Requests for Production: Initial requests for production were will be June 23, 2025 , and responses shall be due on August 23, 2025 . All subsequent roduction must be served no later than 30 days before the discovery deadline.			
within	v a reaso	. <u>Supplementation</u> : Supplementations under Rule 26(e) must be made nable period of time after discovery of such information.			
6.	Anticipated Discovery Disputes:				
	Does either party anticipate discovery disputes or seek limitations on discovery? Describe.				
	Not at th	is time.			
7.	Amend	dments To Pleadings:			
a. No amended pleadings may be filed after Any motion to amend after this date will need to meet the good cause requirements of Rule 16(b).					
after tl		No additional parties may be joined after Any motion to join will need to meet the good cause requirements of Rule 16(b).			
8.	Expert	Witness Disclosures:			
shall b		time, the parties [\blacksquare do / \square do not] anticipate utilizing experts. Expert discovery leted by February 13, 2026			
9.	Electro	onic Discovery And Preservation Of Documents And Information:			
	a.	Have the parties discussed electronic discovery? [\blacksquare Yes / \square No]			
the pa	b. Is there an electronic discovery protocol in place? $[\Box \text{ Yes / } \blacksquare \text{ No}]$ If not, when do the parties expect to have one in place? Within 2 weeks after document requests served				
Rule 5	c. 02(d) Or	Do the parties want the Court to enter a Rule 502(d) Order? (See reder) [\blacksquare Yes / \square No]			
[■ Yes	d. s / □ No	Will the parties enter into a Protective Order? (See Model Protective Order)?] If yes, the Protective Order shall be submitted no later June 9, 2025			

evide	e. nce an	Are there issues the parties would like to address concerning preservation of d/or electronic discovery at the Initial Case Management Conference? Describe.			
	Not a	t this time.			
10.	Anti	Anticipated Motions:			
	Antici	pated motions include a motion to certify the class, and motion(s) for summary judgment.			
11.	Early	Settlement Or Resolution:			
	reques	parties [\blacksquare have / \square have not] discussed the possibility of settlement. The parties t a settlement conference no later than TBD . The following information efore settlement can be discussed:			
evalua		iffs are open to discussing settlement once there has been sufficient discovery to erits of the Plaintiffs claims and the Defendants' defenses and to determine potential damages.			
12.	<u>Trial</u>	<u>Trial:</u>			
	a.	The parties anticipate that this case will be ready for trial by November 2026.			
	b.	The parties anticipate that the trial of this case will require 7 days.			
	c.	The parties [\square do / \blacksquare do not] consent to a trial before a Magistrate Judge.			
	d.	The parties request a [\blacksquare jury / \square bench] trial.			
13.	Statu	Status Letter (To Be Completed By The Court):			
	The	The parties shall file a joint letter regarding the status of discovery on			
14.	Cons	ent To Proceed Before A United States Magistrate Judge:			
	g the c	parties are advised that they may consent to Judge Aaron's jurisdiction at any time case pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(c). To consent to Judge Aaron's jurisdiction, please orm to Consent for All Purposes or Consent For Specific Dispositive Motions, which			

are hyperlinked herein and also available on Judge Aaron's Individual Practices Webpage.

15.	Other Matters:				
Respe	ctfully submitted this 6th day of May				
	Attorney(s) for Plaintiff(s): Moser Law Firm, by Steven Moser	Attorney(s) for Defendant(s):			
-	Seelig Law Offices, by Philip Seelig & Matt Porcaro	Shemori S. Corinthian, NYC Law Dep't			
SO OF	RDERED.				
Dated	: New York, New York				
					
		STEWART D. AARON			
		United States Magistrate Judge			

Continuation of Plaintiff's Response to Summary of Claims, Defenses and Relevant Issues:

The City pays Sanitation Police drastically more than it pays Agents. Also, despite the fact that Agents wear uniforms, the City gives preferential "uniformed" bargaining status only to Sanitation Police, but not Agents. The City, through its bargaining practices, has thereby cemented and compounded differences in pay between segregated groups.

Plaintiffs, a group of more than 100 Agents, bring this action under Title VII, Section 1981, the NYCHRL, and the Equal Pay Act. They seek to be treated equally, regardless of race and sex. The City claims that Sanitation Police have unique responsibilities. However, the Plaintiffs claim that Sanitation Police exercise their unique responsibilities less than 1/100% of the time.